



Construction on Tribal Lands

NTICC - 2022

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Background

- Arviso Construction – Project Manager
- B.S. in Construction Management, 2008 - ASU
- M.S. in Construction Management, 2016 - ASU
- PhD in Construction Management, 2022 - ASU
- 14 Years Experience – Commercial Construction
- Construction In Indian Country – Vice President
- The Blossom Shop - Owner

Introduction

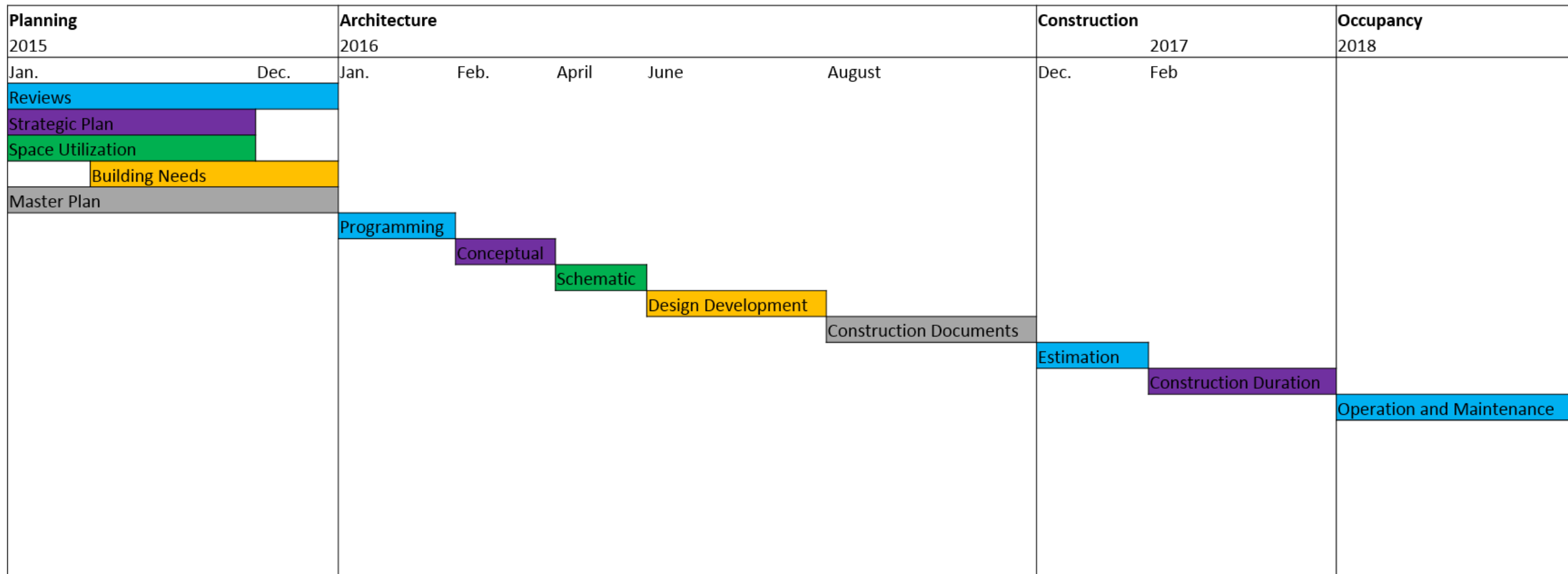
- Tribes are **Sovereign**
- Cultural/Traditional Protocols
- Unique Legal & Cultural Aspects
- Increasing Complexity – Innovative Ideas

“Sovereignty is a nation’s power to self-govern, to determine its own way of life, and to live that life – to whatever extent possible – free from interference” (Cobb, A.,2005)

Introduction

- Tribes are Sovereign
- Cultural/Traditional Protocols
- Unique Legal & Cultural Aspects
- Increasing Complexity – Innovative Ideas

Construction Timeline



Unique Features

Research - Interviews

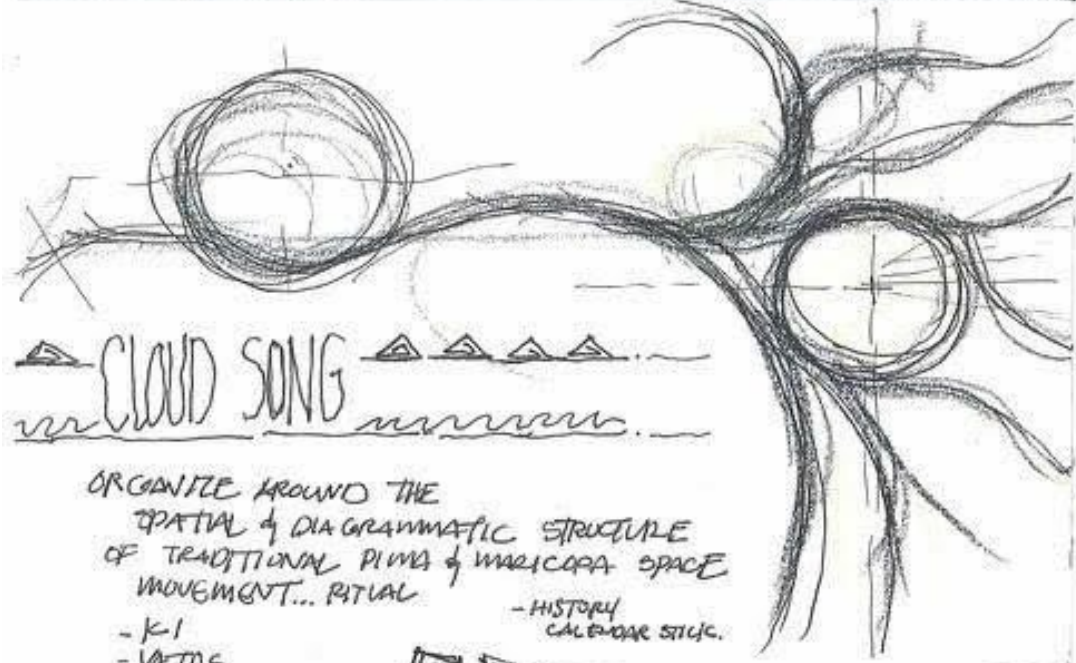
- 22 Industry Professionals
 - Owner's Representative
 - Master Planner
 - Architect
 - Contractor
- Interview 20-40 minutes (11 questions)
 - *"Identify the ten most unique factors, when working with Indigenous Communities"*
- Core Themes
- Results – 10 most unique features which appear to be biggest challenges

	Features	Owner's Rep	Planners	Architect	Contractors	Total # of Responses
1.	Historical & Cultural Understanding	3	2	8	7	20
2.	Best Practices, Approach, & Process	3	1	6	6	16
3.	Regulations, Building Codes, & Regulatory Framework	4	2	3	6	15
4.	Decision Making	1	2	5	3	11
5.	Capacity Building	2	--	4	5	11
6.	Infrastructure	2	--	4	4	10
7.	Contextual Response	2	1	3	4	10
8.	Legal	3	1	1	4	10
9.	Financial/Economic Development	3	1	2	2	8
10	Scheduling	1	--	1	1	3

Historical & Cultural Understanding

- Understanding:
 - Federal recognition as sovereign entities
 - Traditional ways of life/Culture
- Why is this a Challenge?
 - Trust Development
 - Epistemology – Every Tribe is different
 - Language
 - Cultural Vision
 - Personality
 - Design



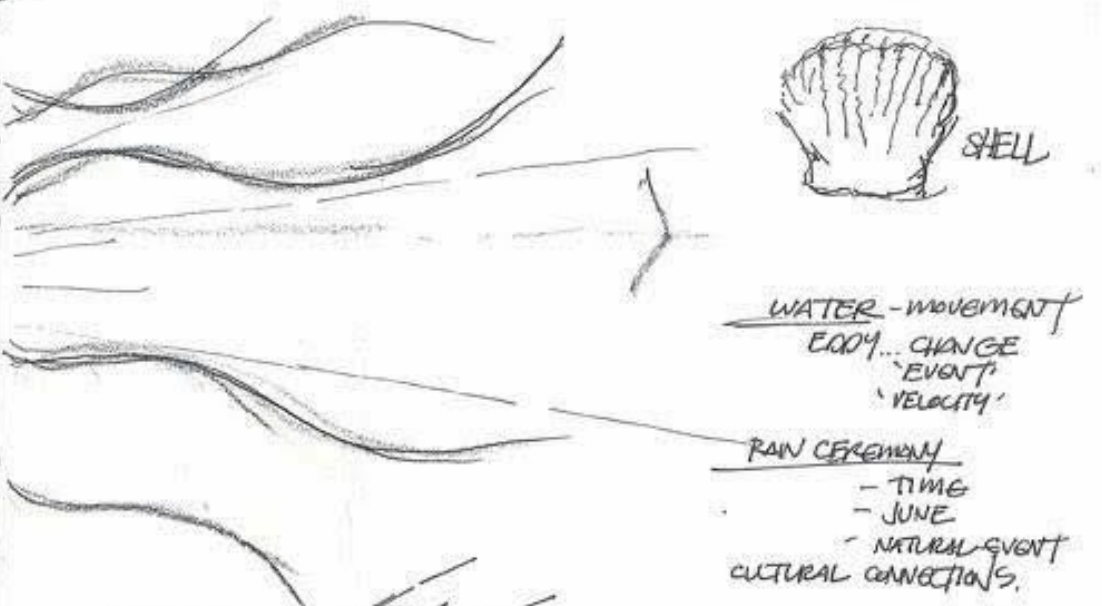
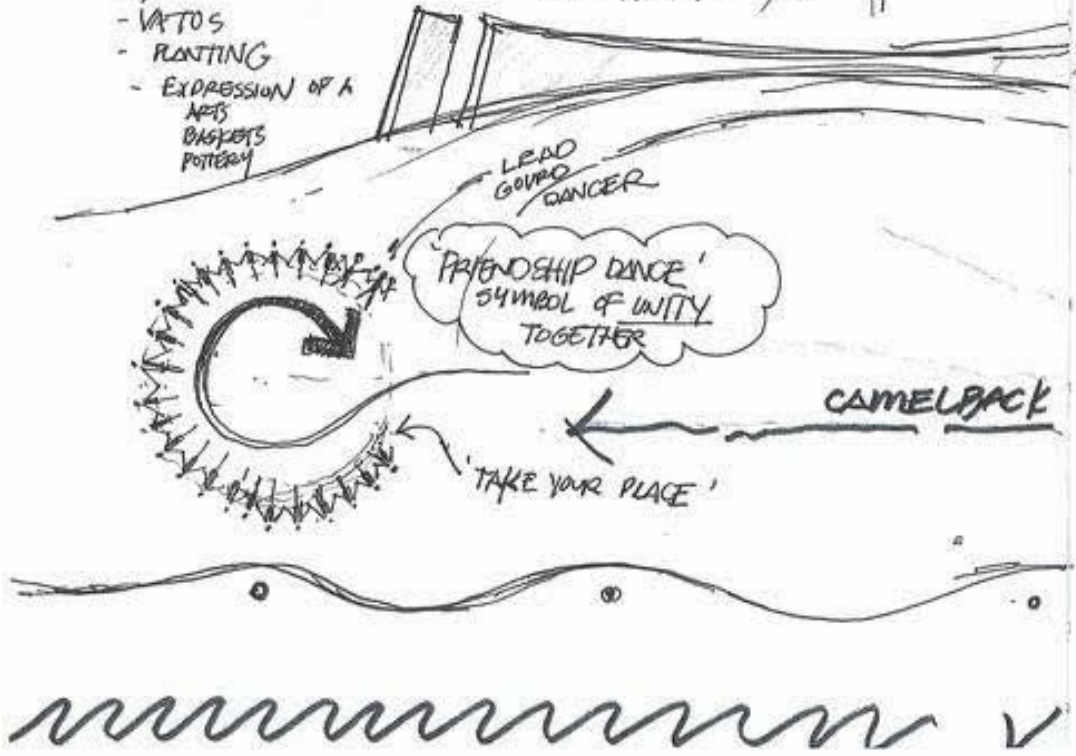


CLOUD SONG

ORGANIZE AROUND THE SPATIAL & DIAGRAMMATIC STRUCTURE OF TRADITIONAL PLEAS & MARICOPA SPACE MOVEMENT... RITUAL

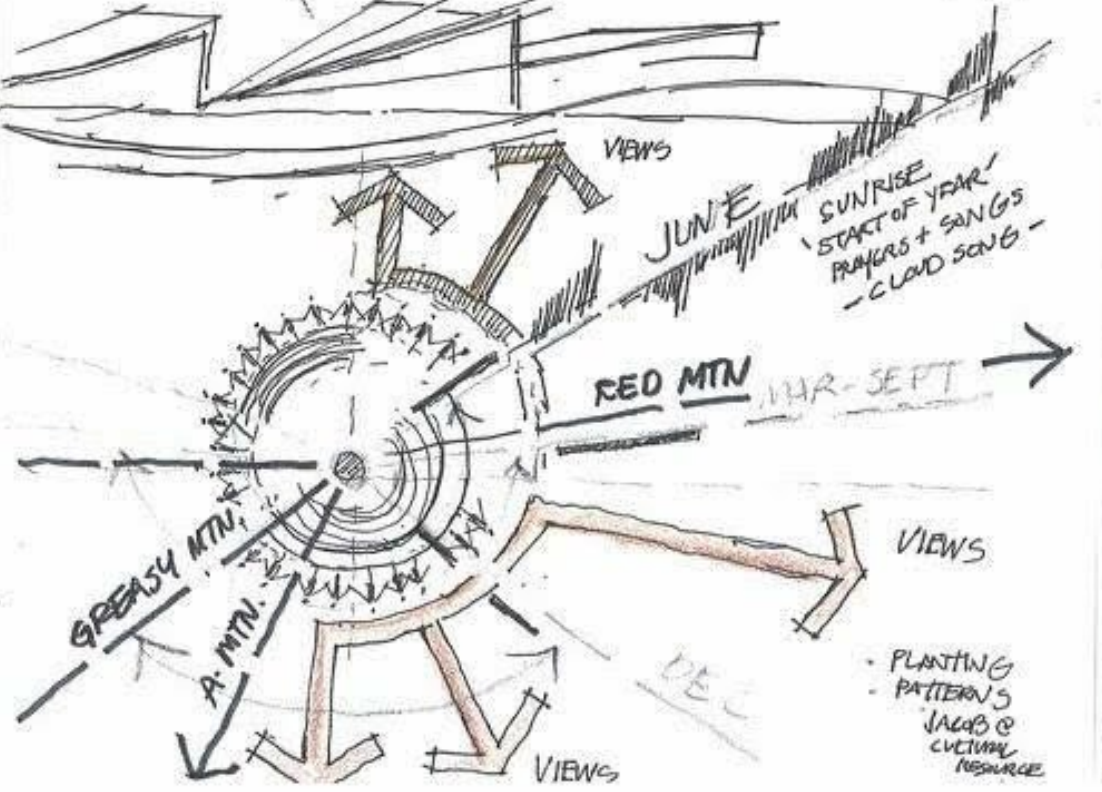
- K-I
- VOTOS
- PLANTING
- EXPRESSION OF A ARTS BASKETS POTTERY

- HISTORY CALENDAR STICK



WATER - MOVEMENT
 EDDY... CHANGE
 'EVENT'
 'VELOCITY'

RAIN CEREMONY
 - TIME
 - JUNE
 - NATURAL EVENT
 CULTURAL CONNECTIONS



JUNE
 'SUNRISE START OF YEAR PRAYERS + SONGS - CLOUD SONGS'

RED MTN

- PLANTING PATTERNS
- JACOBS & CULTURAL RESOURCE





DISTRICT 2 ELDER CENTER

Best Practices, Approach, & Process

- Means and Methods
 - Tailored Approach
- Why is this a Challenge?
 - Unique Needs
 - Requires Listening
 - Community-based
 - Longer Process



Regulations, Building Codes, & Regulatory Framework

- Standards and ordinances governed by the authority having jurisdiction, which includes tribal, state, and federal.
 - Tribal Entities (BIA, IHS, Tribal Utility Authority, Highway Department)
- Why is this a Challenge?
 - Multiple Jurisdictions
 - Preference Laws
 - Red Tape



Decision Making

- Stakeholders
- Process of Making Decisions
- Why is this a Challenge?
 - Change in Leadership
 - Bureaucracy
 - Qualifications
 - Long Process



Capacity Building

- Resources
 - Skills
 - Knowledge
 - Education
 - Qualifications
- Why is this a Challenge?
 - Lack of Understanding Construction
 - Qualified Local Workforce
 - Qualified Subcontractors



Now that we know these challenges, how can we address them?

Discussion



Promote communication between all parties involved in a culturally-responsive way.



Deliver a project that meets the tribe's needs.



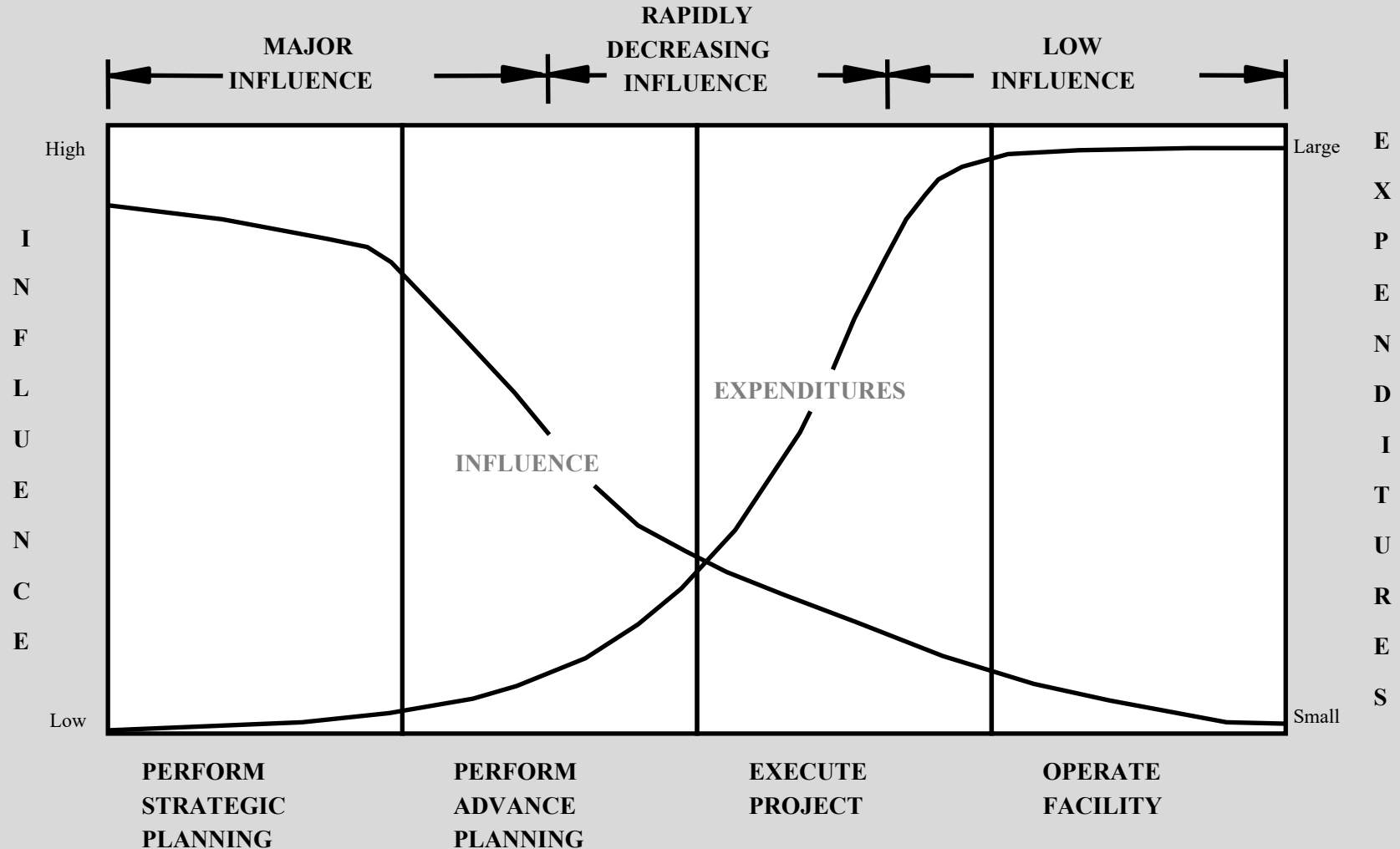
Educate all parties about the standard and non-standard processes.

Goal: Successful Project!

**Success is looked at in terms of
Cost, Schedule, and Operating
Performance**

**The greatest ability to influence
cost is in advance (Pre-Project)
Planning**

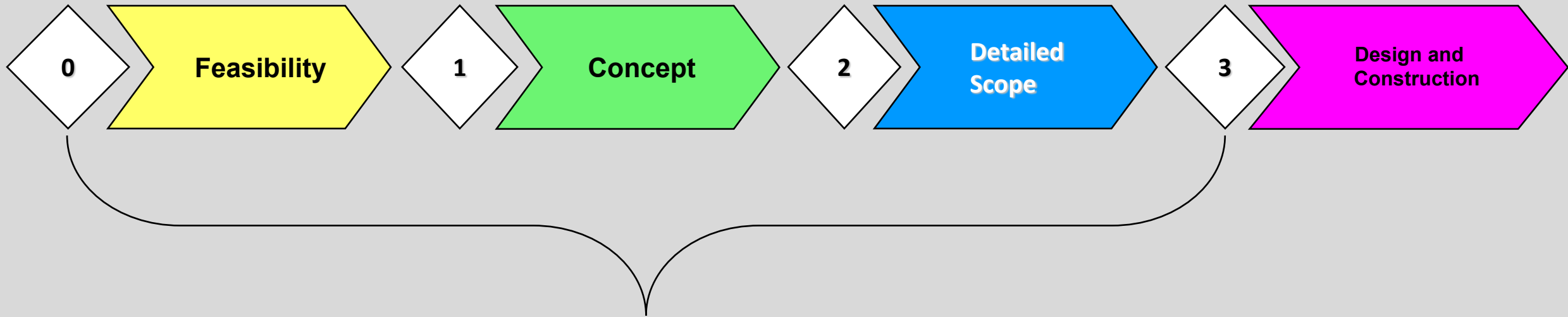
Influence and Expenditures Curve



Pre-Project Planning

- The process that occurs after a project idea has been established and before the project reaches the detailed design and construction phase.
- Construction Industry Institute (CII) defines pre-project planning as the process of developing sufficient strategic information with which owners can address risk and decide to commit resources to maximize the chance for a successful project.
- Owner-Driven

Front End Planning



Front End Planning Process

Project Definition Rating Index

PDRI – The Definition



An Acronym

Project **D**efinition **R**ating **I**ndex



An Index

Score along a continuum representing the level of scope definition



A Risk Management Tool

Identifies and measures risks related to project scope definition

Tools have been developed by CII and widely used for industrial, building, and infrastructure projects during front end planning phase:
Project Definition Rating Index (PDRI)

Objective:

- Greater advance planning efforts = greater project success
- Lower cost variance
- Less schedule slippage
- Fewer change orders

Construction Industry Institute (CII)

- CII, based at The University of Texas at Austin, is a consortium of more than 140 leading owner, engineering-contractor, and supplier firms from both the public and private arenas.
- These organizations have joined together to enhance the business effectiveness and sustainability of the capital facility life cycle through CII research, related initiatives, and industry alliances.

PDRI – Tool Format

The crucial elements included in a scope of projects.

Composition:

- 3 sections
- 11 Categories
- 64 Elements

42 pages of detailed element descriptions

Rate each of the 64 elements to obtain a project score of up to 1000 points - - the lower the better.

Section I: Basis of Project Decision

- Performing the “Right Project”

Section II: Basis of Design

- Scoping the “Right Things (Product)”

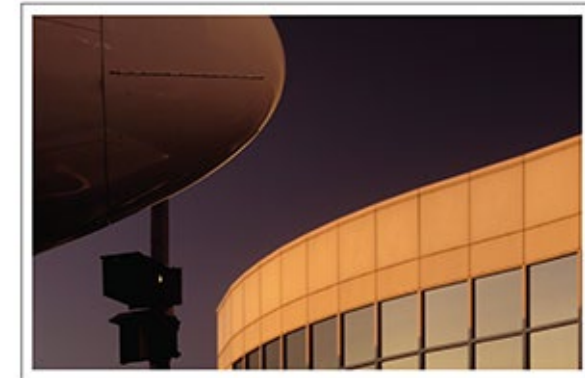
Section III: Execution Approach

- Setting the stage for a successful “Execution Approach”

Construction Industry Institute®



Project Definition Rating Index



Building Projects

CII
Implementation Resource 155-2
Version 4.0

PDRI – Building Projects: Structure

SECTION III: EXECUTION APPROACH

Section

H. PROCUREMENT STRATEGY

Category

H1. Identify Long-lead/Critical Equipment and Materials

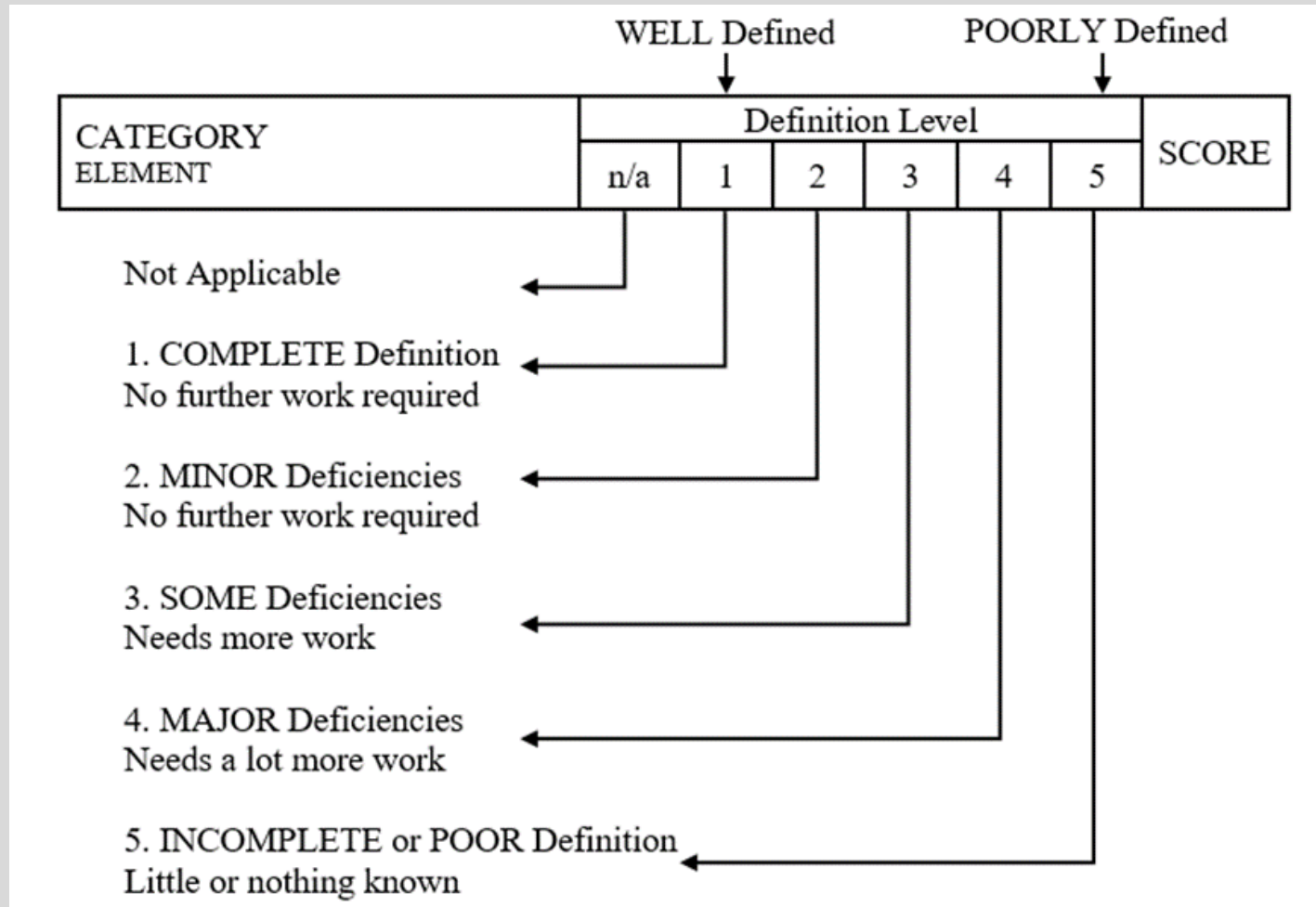
Element

Identify engineered equipment and material items with lead times that will impact the design for receipt of supplier information or impact the construction schedule with long delivery times.

- Remote location constraints
- Availability of materials/services for future maintenance and repair

Element
Description

PDRI Definition Levels



SECTION I – BASIS OF PROJECT DECISION

CATEGORY Element	Definition Level						Score
	0	1	2	3	4	5	
A. BUSINESS STRATEGY							
A1. Building Use		✓					
A2. Business Justification			✓				
A3. Business Plan			✓				
A4. Economic Analysis				✓			
A5. Facility Requirements		✓					
A6. Future Expansion/Alteration Considerations						✓	
A7. Site Selection Considerations				✓			
A8. Project Objectives Statement			✓				
B. OWNER PHILOSOPHIES							
B1. Reliability Philosophy		✓					
B2. Maintenance Philosophy			✓				
B3. Operating Philosophy			✓				
B4. Design Philosophy				✓			
C. PROJECT REQUIREMENTS							
C1. Value-Analysis Process		✓					
C2. Project Design Criteria			✓				
C3. Evaluation of Existing Facilities						✓	
C4. Scope of Work Overview				✓			
C5. Project Schedule						✓	
C6. Project Cost Estimate						✓	

Section	Description	PDRI 3 Score	Min Score	Max Score	Def ¹ (%)
I	BASIS OF PROJECT DECISION	73	24	413	87%
II	BASIS OF DESIGN	196	31	405	56%
III	EXECUTION APPROACH	91	13	158	46%
	Total	360	68	976	68%
<u>PDRI TOTAL MAXIMUM SCORE = 1000</u>					369
<u>Normalized Score:</u>					

Category	Description	PDRI 3 Score	Min Score	Max Score	Def ¹ (%)
A	BUSINESS STRATEGY	11	11	214	100%
B	OWNER PHILOSOPHIES	4	4	68	100%
C	PROJECT REQUIREMENTS	58	9	131	60%
D	SITE INFORMATION	48	8	98	56%
E	BUILDING PROGRAMMING	34	11	149	83%
F	BUILDING/PROJECT DESIGN PARAMETERS	83	9	122	35%
G	EQUIPMENT	31	3	36	15%
H	PROCUREMENT STRATEGY	13	2	25	52%
J	DELIVERABLES	2	1	11	90%
K	PROJECT CONTROLS	37	5	62	44%
L	PROJECT EXECUTION PLAN	39	5	60	38%
	Total	360	68	976	68%

Top Elements	Description	PDRI 3 Score	Min Score	Max Score	Def ¹ (%)
A.1	Building Use Requirement	1	1	44	100%
A.5	Facility Requirements	2	2	31	100%
A.7	Site Selection Considerations	1	1	28	100%
A.2	Business Justification	1	1	27	100%
C.6	Project Cost Estimate	8	2	27	76%
A.3	Business Plan	2	2	26	100%
C.2	Project Design Criteria	13	1	24	48%
C.3	Evaluation of Existing Facilities	7	2	24	77%
A.6	Future Expansion/Alteration Considerations	1	1	22	100%
F.2	Architectural Design	12	1	22	48%
	Total	48	14	275	87%

PDRI 3 - Low Definition Items

Low Definition Items:			16	185	56
Section	Element	Element Description	Level	Score	Comments
I	C.1	Value-Analysis Process	Level 5	19	To be considered further in design.
II	D.3	Civil/Geotechnical Information	Level 5	19	Need a geotech for this specific site. BIA wil also need geotech. Hopi tribe has a geotech report from 2000.
II	E.13	Window Treatment	Level 5	5	Has not been discussed.
II	F.1	Civil/Site Design	Level 5	14	Waiting on geo tech and topo. There will be a generator. Verify clearances. Power to be underground.
II	F.3	Structural Design	Level 4	14	Metal Building will be used. Specifications to be provided. General
II	F.4	Mechanical Design	Level 4	15	Basis of Design is based on a pre-engineered metal building. Ground units desired.
II	F.5	Electrical Design	Level 4	12	Basis of design is based on a pre-engineered metal buiding. Also to be coordinated with APS. Lightning protection?
II	F.6	Building Life Safety Requirements	Level 4	8	Verify with codes, will be further defined in design.
II	F.8	Technological Sophistication	Level 4	7	Tribe not sure of video conferencing. To coordinate with HTI. Fiber Optic. no server room.
II	G.1	Equipment List	Level 4	12	A list has been provided to IDSA for owner provided equipment for interior. List of equipment in bay area needs to be identified.
II	G.2	Equipment Location Drawings	Level 4	8	IDSA to coordinate with owner.
II	G.3	Equipment Utility Requirements	Level 5	11	NA
III	K.1	Project Quality Assurance and Control	Level 4	6	3rd party inspectors to be identified. No ISO requirements. Arviso will implement their quality control. Identify owner paid special inspections.
III	K.3	Project Schedule Control	Level 4	11	Project Completion goal - April 2019. No expiration date for funding.
III	L.4	Design/Construction Plan and Approach	Level 5	15	To be further define with design and construction.
III	L.5	Substantial Completion Requirements	Level 5	9	**Final Inspections - who from the tribe will need to sign off. Risk Managment. CO - IDSA to provide. Owner to verify. (3rd party inspector)
Total			16	185	56

PDRI – Tailored for our tribal communities

PDRI – Tribal Building Projects

The crucial elements that need to be included in a scope definition for building projects.

Composition:

- 3 sections
- 11 Categories
- 67 Elements

48 pages of detailed element descriptions

I. BASIS OF PROJECT DECISION	
A. Project Development Strategy A1. Building Use/Function Requirements A2. Project Business Justification A3. Project Business Plan A4. Economic Analysis A5. Facility Requirements A6. Future Expansion/Alteration Considerations A7. Site Selection Considerations A8. Project Objectives Statement	E8. Loading/Unloading/Storage Facilities Requirements E9. Transportation Requirements E10. Building Finishes E11. Room Data Sheets E12. Furnishings, Equipment, & Built-Ins E13. Window Treatment
B. Owner/Tribal Principles B1. Cultural Values B2. Reliability Principles B3. Maintenance Principles B4. Operating Principles B5. Design Principles	F. Building/Project Design Parameters F1. Culture F2. Civil/Site Design F3. Architectural Design F4. Structural Design F5. Mechanical Design F6. Plumbing Design F7. Electrical Design F8. Building Life Safety Requirements F9. Constructability Analysis F10. Technological Sophistication
C. Project Requirements C1. Value-Analysis Process C2. Project Design Criteria C3. Evaluation of Existing Facilities C4. Scope of Work Overview C5. Project Schedule C6. Project Cost Estimate	G. Equipment G1. Equipment List G2. Equipment Location Drawings G3. Equipment Utility Requirements
II. BASIS OF DESIGN	
D. Site Information D1. Site Layout D2. Site Surveys D3. Civil/Geotechnical Information D4. Governing Regulatory Requirements D5. Environmental Assessment D6. Utility Sources with Supply Conditions D7. Site Life Safety Considerations D8. Special Water and Waste Treatment Requirements	H. Procurement Strategy H1. Identify Long Lead/Critical Equip. & Materials H2. Procurement Procedures and Plans
E. Building Programming E1. Program Statement E2. Building Summary Space List E3. Overall Adjacency Diagrams E4. Stacking Diagrams E5. Growth & Phased Development E6. Circulation and Open Space Requirements E7. Functional Relationship Diagrams/Room by Room	I. Deliverables I1. Construction Technology I2. Documentation/Deliverables J. Project Control J1. Project Quality Assurance and Control J2. Project Cost Control J3. Project Schedule Control J4. Risk Management J5. Safety Procedures K. Project Execution Plan K1. Project Organization K2. Tribe/Tribal Entity Approval Requirements K3. Project Delivery Method K4. Design/Construction Plan & Approach K5. Substantial Completion Requirements
III. EXECUTION APPROACH	

PDRI – Tribal Building Projects

Added Culture Element Descriptions

B. OWNER/TRIBAL PRINCIPLES

B1. Cultural Values

The building should be programmed/designed to incorporate the culture of the tribe to the greatest extent when practical to meet the tribes request and with the intention that it will be in use for many generations. (Ex: Are their cultural implications on how you view the need for a community center or senior living center?) The project team should acknowledge items such as:

- Location (i.e., Significance of Four Directions)
- Environmental impact (i.e., Artifacts remains)
- Tribal values (Specific to Tribe, protocols)
- History (Specific to Tribe)
- Journey/story (i.e., Cultural Representation)
- Community involvement (elders, children)
- Consultation with Cultural Advisor/Elder
- Seven generations philosophy
- Name (Tribal Language)
- Other

PDRI – Tribal Building Projects

- Added Language for tribal requirements, protocols and collaboration
- Ex: Tribal Utility Authority, Tribal Entity's such as transportation, archaeological protocols (cultural, EPA)
- Emphasis on Funding and Finance

D3. Civil/Geotechnical Information

The civil/geotechnical site evaluation provides a basis for foundation, structural, and hydrological design. Evaluations of the proposed site should include items such as:

- Up to date soils report
- Depth to bedrock
- General site description (e.g., terrain, soils type, existing structures, spoil removal, areas of hazardous waste)
- Expansive or collapse potential of soils
- Fault line locations
- Spoil area for excess soil (i.e., location of on-site area or offsite instructions)
- Seismic requirements
- Water table elevation
- Flood plain analysis
- Soil percolation rate and conductivity
- Ground water flow rates and directions
- Need for soil treatment or replacement
- Overexcavation and fill (Location of nearby borrow pit)
- Overexcavation and fill (archaeological artifacts/protocols)
- Description of foundation design options
- Allowable bearing capacities
- Pier/pile capacities
- Paving design options
- Overall site analysis
- Nearby facilities with foundation/soil issues
- Tribal utility authority requirements
- Tribal utility authority division (construction/engineering)
- Requirements of other tribal entity's (ex: transportation)
- Other

** Additional items to consider for Renovation projects **

- Vibration control/ monitoring associated with existing facilities & infrastructure
- Capacity of existing foundations for new loading criteria

Preliminary

Sheet

	Definition Level						Definition Level				
	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
A1.	1	8	14	20	26	E9.	1	3	6	8	10
A2.	1	6	10	15	20	E10.	1	5	8	12	16
A3.	1	6	11	16	21	E11.	1	3	5	7	9
A4.	1	5	8	12	15	E12.	1	4	7	10	13
A5.	1	6	11	15	20	E13.	1	3	5	7	10
A6.	1	4	7	10	13	E Totals	13	46	81	113	148
A7.	1	6	10	15	19	F1.	1	5	9	14	18
A8.	1	5	9	13	17	F2.	1	6	11	16	20
A Totals	8	46	80	116	151	F3.	1	6	11	15	20
B1.	1	5	9	13	17	F4.	1	6	10	15	19
B2.	2	6	10	14	18	F5.	1	5	9	13	16
B3.	1	4	6	9	12	F6.	1	5	9	13	17
B4.	1	5	8	12	15	F7.	1	5	10	14	18
B5.	1	3	6	8	11	F8.	1	5	8	12	16
B Totals	6	23	39	56	73	F9.	1	4	8	11	14
C1.	1	5	9	12	16	F10.	1	4	6	9	12
C2.	2	6	11	16	21	F Totals	10	51	91	132	170
C3.	1	6	10	15	19	G1.	1	4	8	11	14
C4.	1	4	9	13	16	G2.	1	5	8	11	15
C5.	1	4	10	14	19	G3.	1	5	9	13	16
C6.	2	7	12	17	22	G Totals	3	14	25	35	45
C Totals	8	34	61	87	113	Sec II Totals	34	150	264	377	489
Sec I Totals	22	103	180	259	337	H1.	1	5	8	12	15
D1.	1	6	10	14	19	H2.	1	4	7	10	13
D2.	1	5	8	12	16	H Totals	2	9	15	22	28
D3.	1	5	9	12	16	I1.	1	3	5	8	10
D4.	1	5	9	13	16	I2.	1	2	4	5	7
D5.	1	4	7	11	14	I Totals	2	5	9	13	17
D6.	1	6	10	15	19	J1.	1	4	7	11	14
D7.	1	4	7	10	13	J2.	1	5	8	12	16
D8.	1	4	7	10	13	J3.	1	5	8	12	15
D Totals	8	39	67	97	126	J4.	1	4	7	10	12
E1.	1	4	7	9	12	J5.	1	4	6	9	12
E2.	1	4	8	11	15	J Totals	5	22	36	54	69
E3.	1	3	5	7	9	K1.	1	3	5	7	9
E4.	1	3	6	8	10	K2.	1	3	6	8	10
E5.	1	4	6	9	11	K3.	1	5	9	13	17
E6.	1	4	6	9	12	K4.	1	4	7	9	12
E7.	1	3	6	8	11	K5.	1	4	7	9	12
E8.	1	3	6	8	10	K Totals	5	19	34	46	60
						Sec III Totals	14	55	94	135	174
						PDRI Totals	70	308	538	771	1000



QUESTIONS?

NTICC - 2022

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